

Scalable Taint Specification Inference with Big Code

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OWASP top 10 security threats to web apps

1. Injection (SQL, NoSQL, OS command, Code, ...)
2. Broken Authentication
3. Sensitive Data Exposure
4. XML External Entities (XXE)
5. Broken Access Control
6. Security Misconfiguration
7. Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
8. Insecure Deserialization
9. Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
10. Insufficient Logging & Monitoring

Injection vulnerabilities

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2. Broken Authentication
3. Sensitive Data Exposure
4. XML External Entities (XXE)
5. Broken Access Control
6. Security Misconfiguration
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A typical injection vulnerability

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def upload():
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def upload():  
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename
```

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```
def upload():  
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename  
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)
```

A typical injection vulnerability

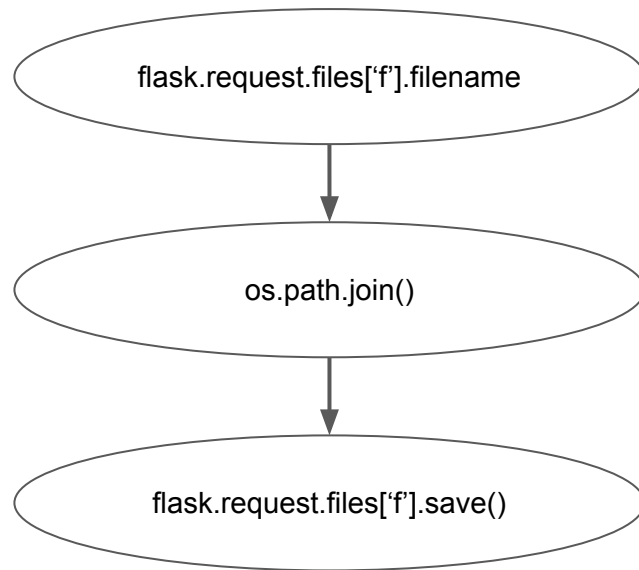
```
def upload():  
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename  
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)  
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```

A typical injection exploit

```
def upload():  
    fname = "../../../etc/passwd"  
    path = "/var/www/app/../../../etc/passwd"  
    flask.request.files['f'].save("/etc/passwd")
```


Taint Analysis: detecting injection vulnerabilities

```
def upload():  
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename  
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)  
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```



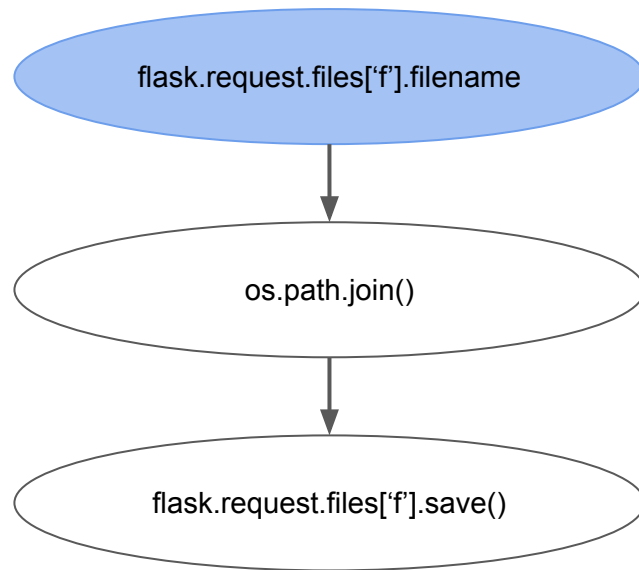
Taint Analysis: sources

```
def upload():
```

```
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename
```

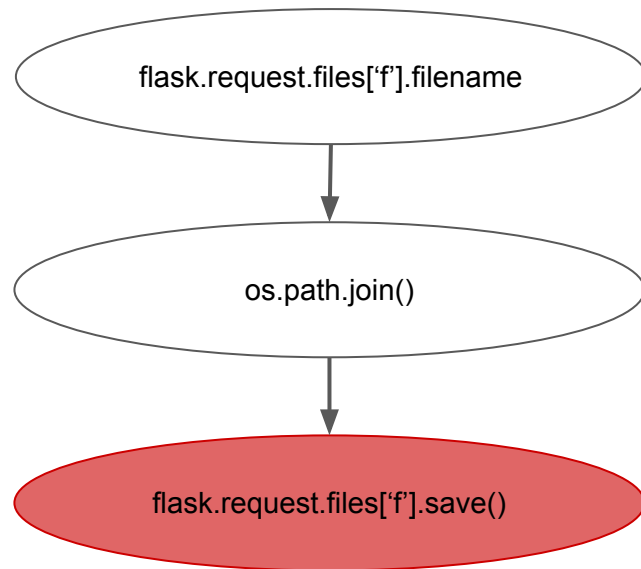
```
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)
```

```
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```



Taint Analysis: sinks

```
def upload():  
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename  
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)  
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```



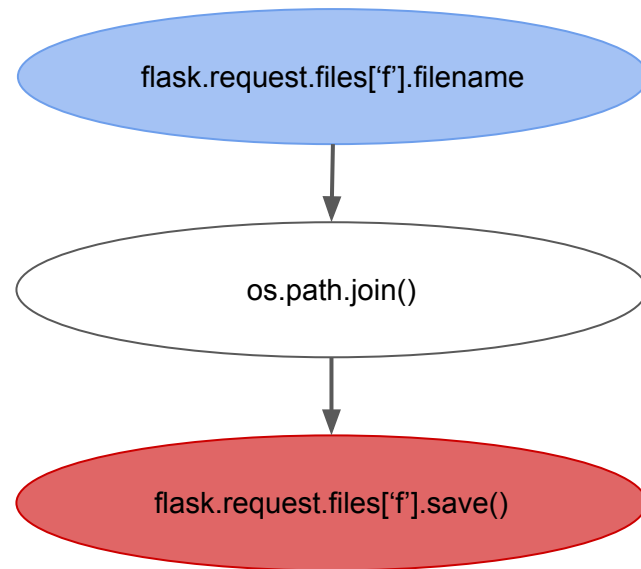
Taint Analysis: vulnerability model

```
def upload():
```

```
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename
```

```
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)
```

```
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```

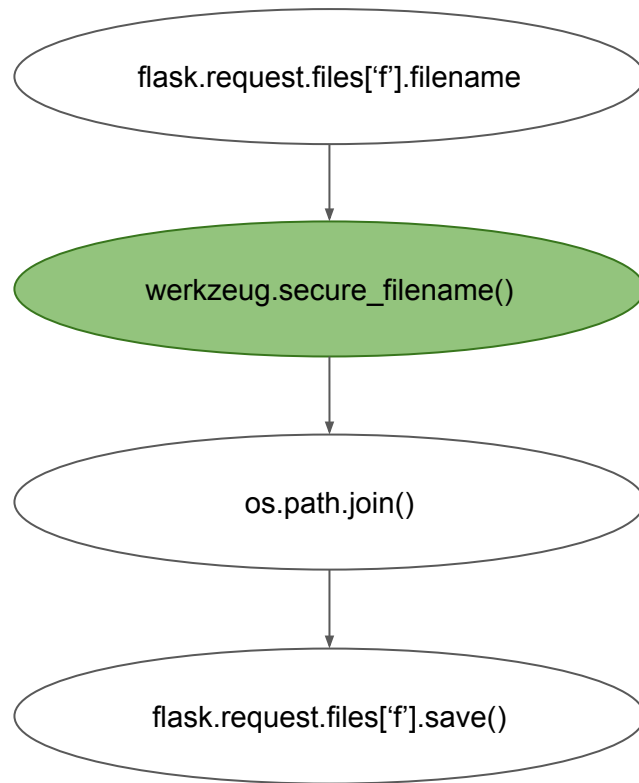


A typical fix

```
def upload():  
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename  
    fname = werkzeug.secure_filename(fname)  
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)  
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```

Taint Analysis: sanitizers

```
def upload():  
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename  
    fname = werkzeug.secure_filename(fname)  
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)  
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```



Taint Analysis: vulnerability model

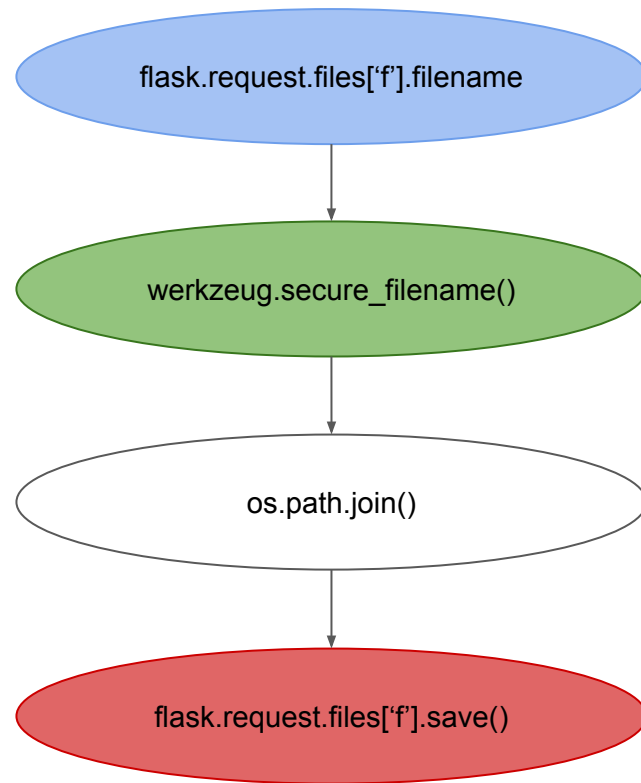
```
def upload():
```

```
    fname = flask.request.files['f'].filename
```

```
    fname = werkzeug.secure_filename(fname)
```

```
    path = os.path.join(upload_dir, fname)
```

```
    flask.request.files['f'].save(path)
```



Completeness of taint specifications is crucial

Missing source or sink → undetected vulnerabilities

Missing sanitizer → false positive reports

Creating taint specifications is labour-intensive



Creating taint specifications is labour-intensive



Creating taint specifications is labour-intensive



Express JS

Bottle



Flask

django



spring



METEOR

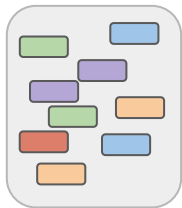


WEB2PY

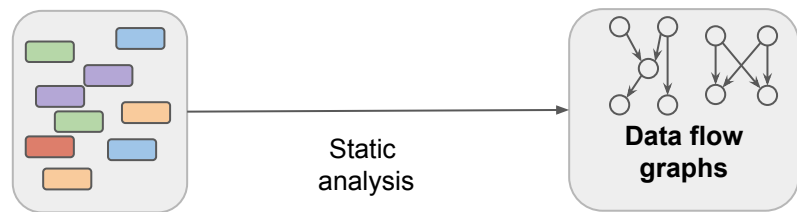


**Goal: Automatically learn
Taint Specifications from Big Code**

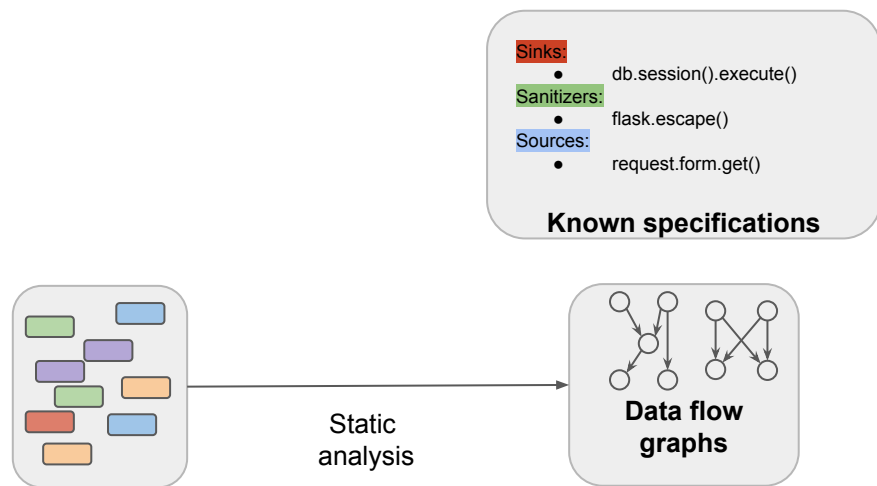
Learning Taint Specifications from Big Code



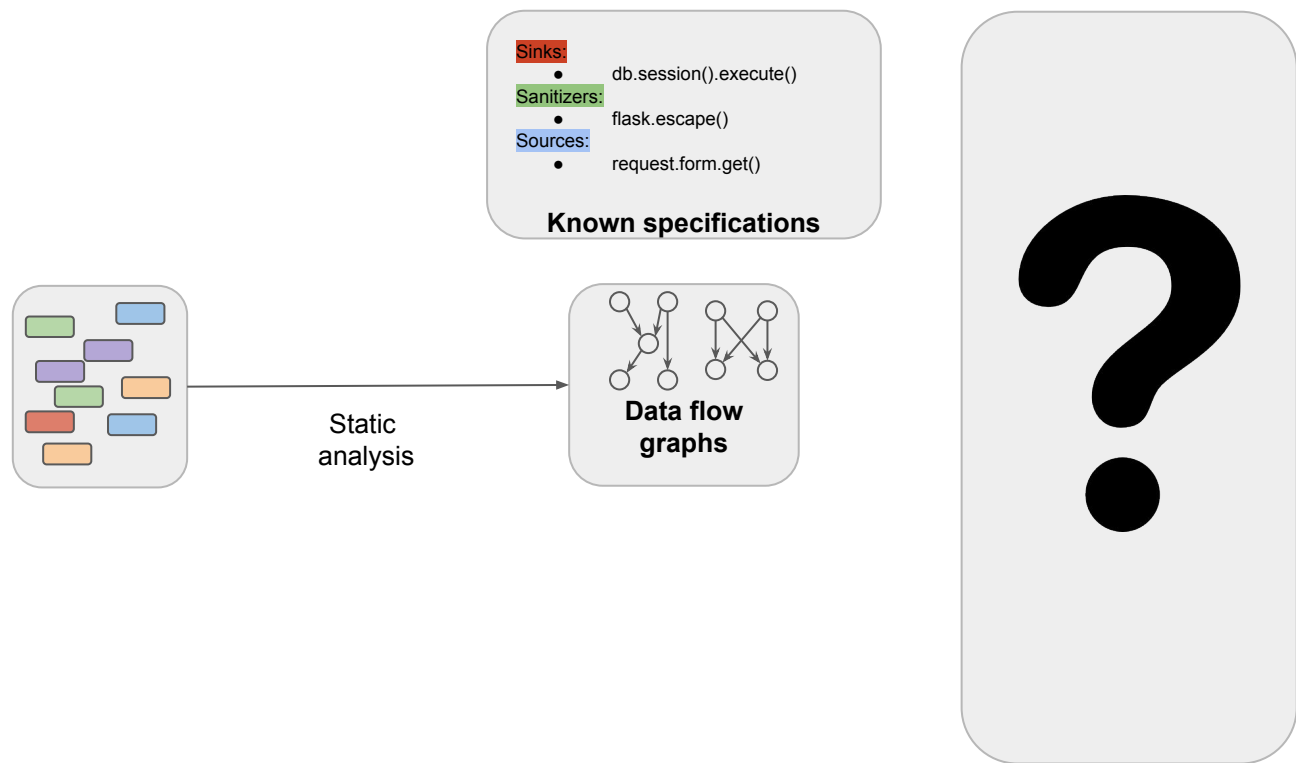
Learning Taint Specifications from Big Code



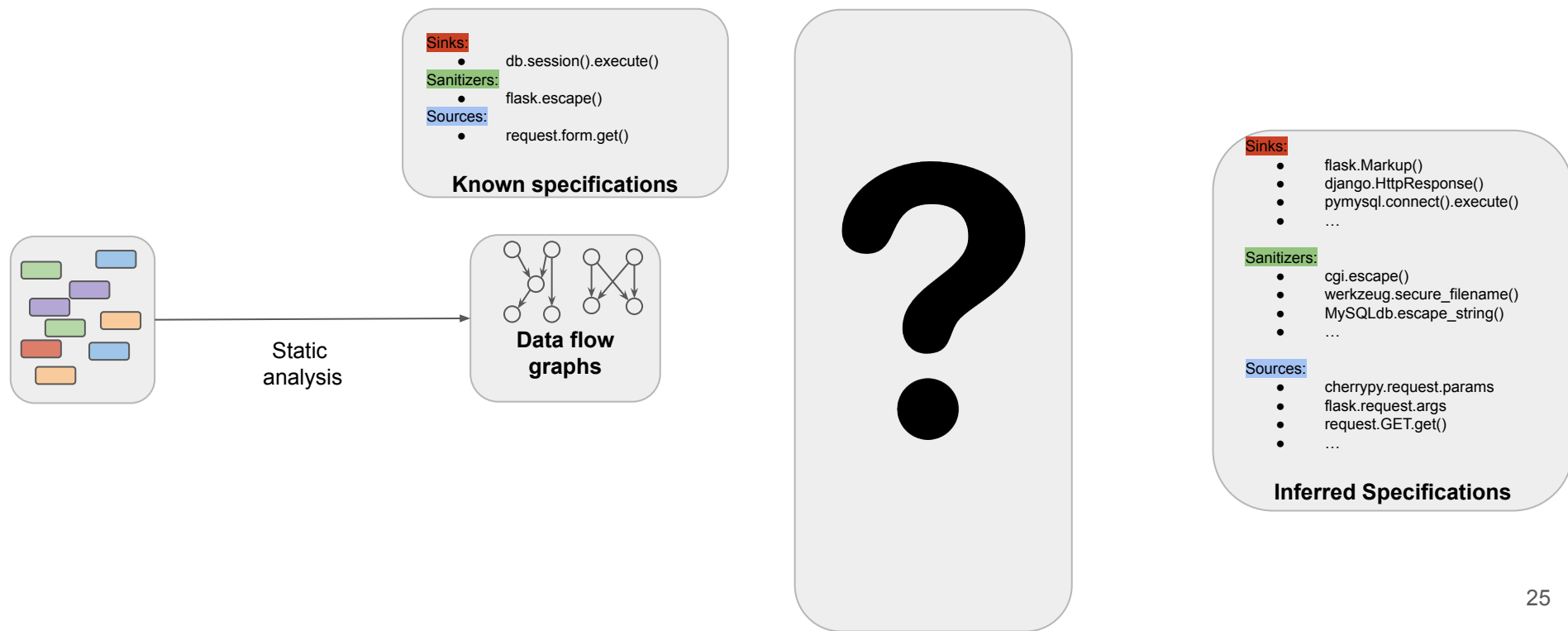
Learning Taint Specifications from Big Code



Learning Taint Specifications from Big Code



Learning Taint Specifications from Big Code



System requirements

➤ The system has to be **fast** enough to learn from Big Code

➤ The system has to work with **few** known specifications



Merlin (Livshits et al., PLDI '09)

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**Semi-
-supervised
learning**



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Merlin (Livshits et al., PLDI '09)

Inference
based on
**factor
graphs**



- The system has to be **fast** enough to learn from Big Code

**Semi-
supervised**
learning



- The system has to work with **few** known specifications



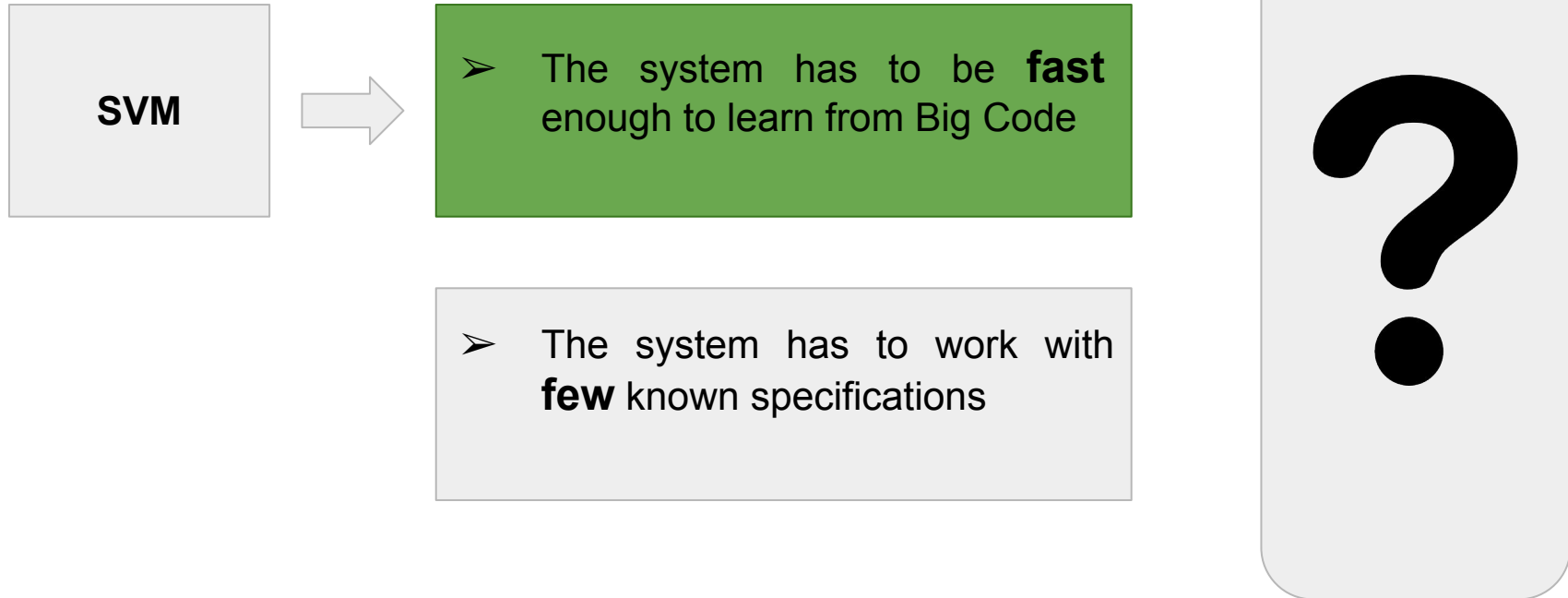
SuSi (Rasthofer et al., NDSS Symposium 2014)

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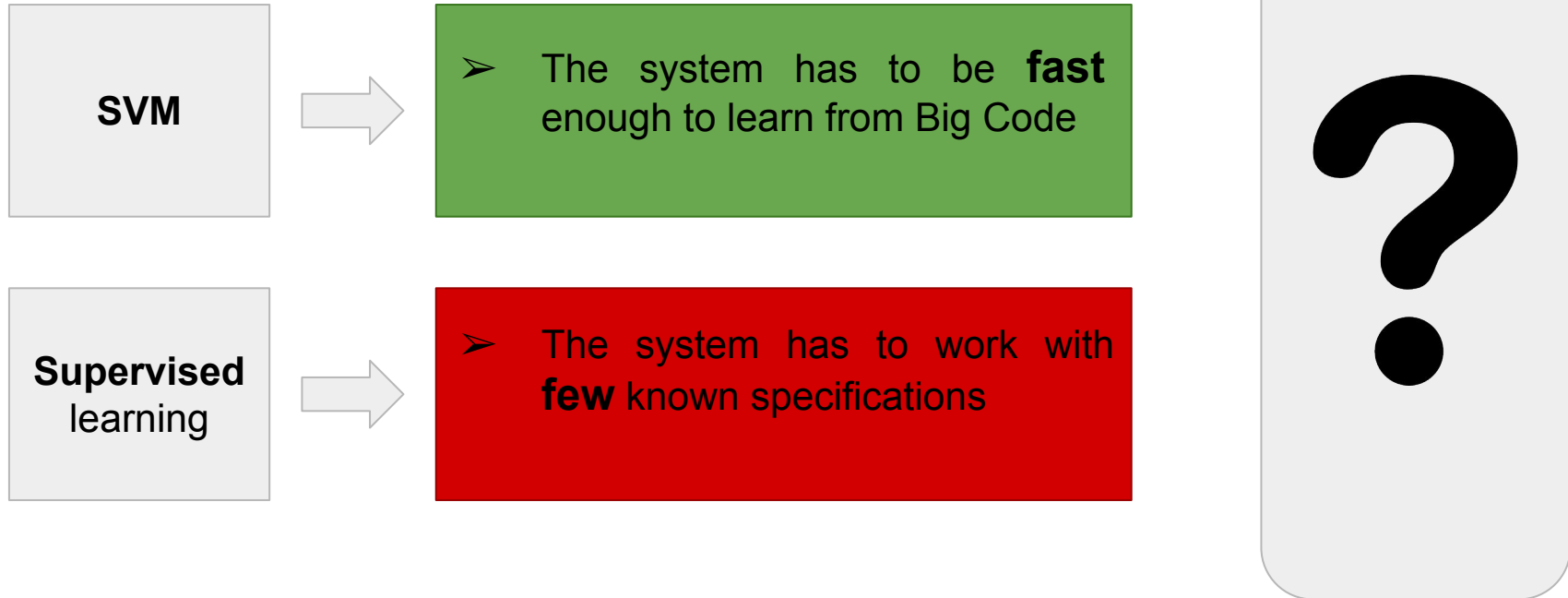
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Seldon

- The system has to be **fast** enough to learn from Big Code
- The system has to work with **few** known specifications



Seldon

Inference
based on
linear
constraints



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Seldon

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Semi-
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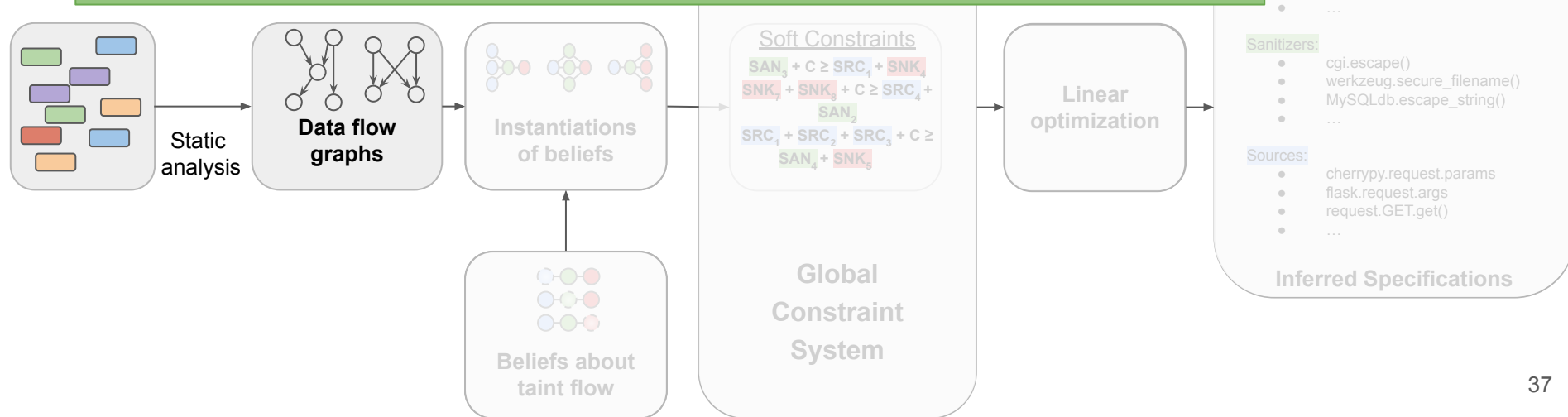
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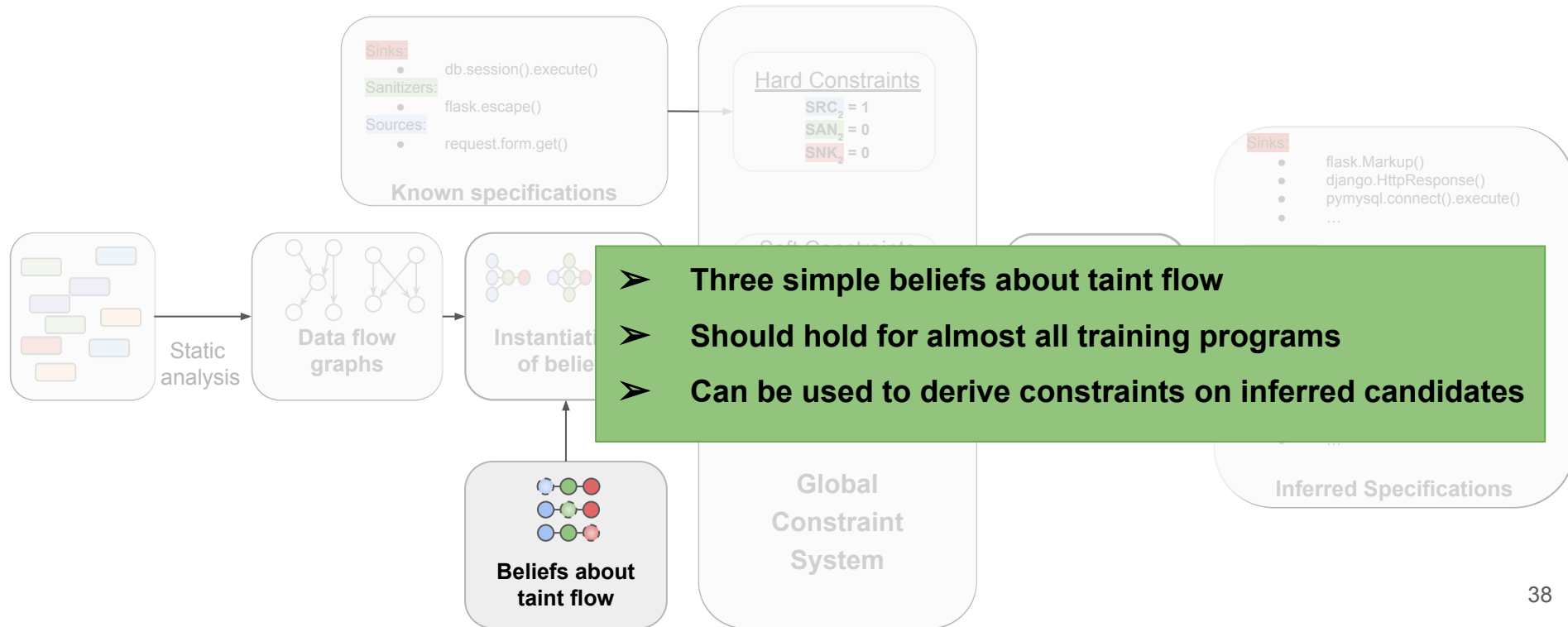
Solution: Seldon

Static Code Analysis

- Static analysis is used to build data flow graphs for training programs
- Nodes are events in program (e.g. function calls, parameter loads)
- Edges represent the data flow between events
- Flow, Context, Field-sensitive points-to analysis
- Over-approximates usages of Python data structures



Beliefs about taint flow

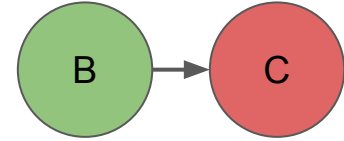


Beliefs about taint flow

“Sanitizers secure sinks from untrusted input”

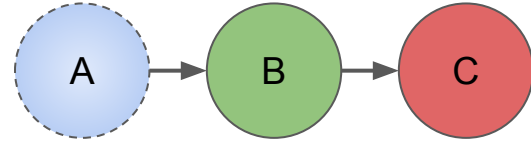
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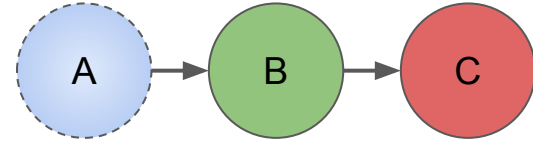
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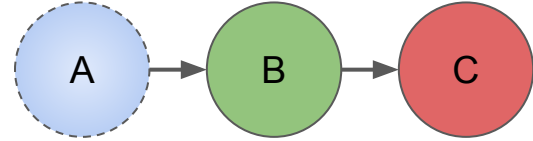
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“Vulnerabilities do not occur often”

Beliefs about taint flow

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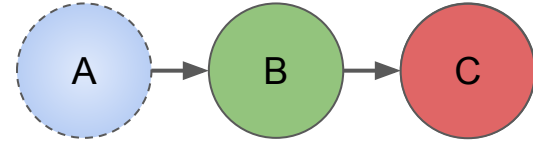


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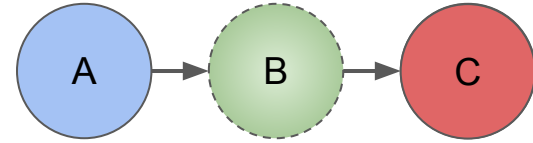


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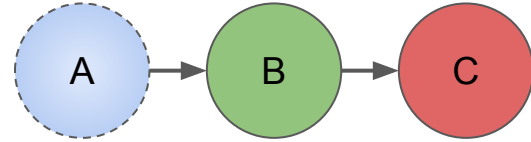


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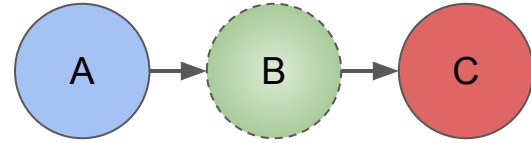


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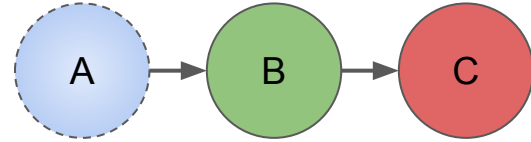
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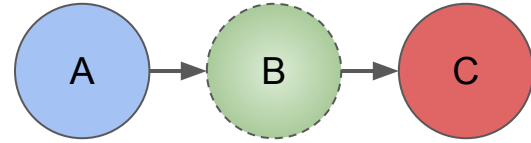
“Sanitizers clean untrusted input before it reaches a sink”

Beliefs about taint flow

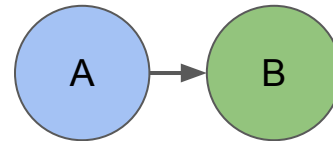
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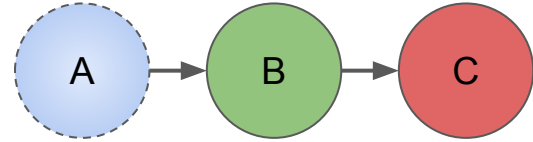


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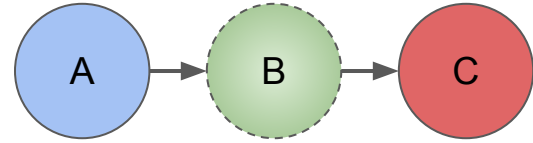


Beliefs about taint flow

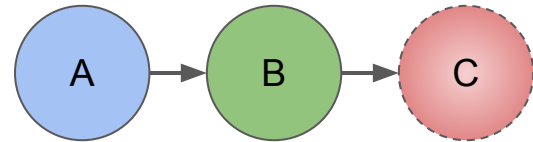
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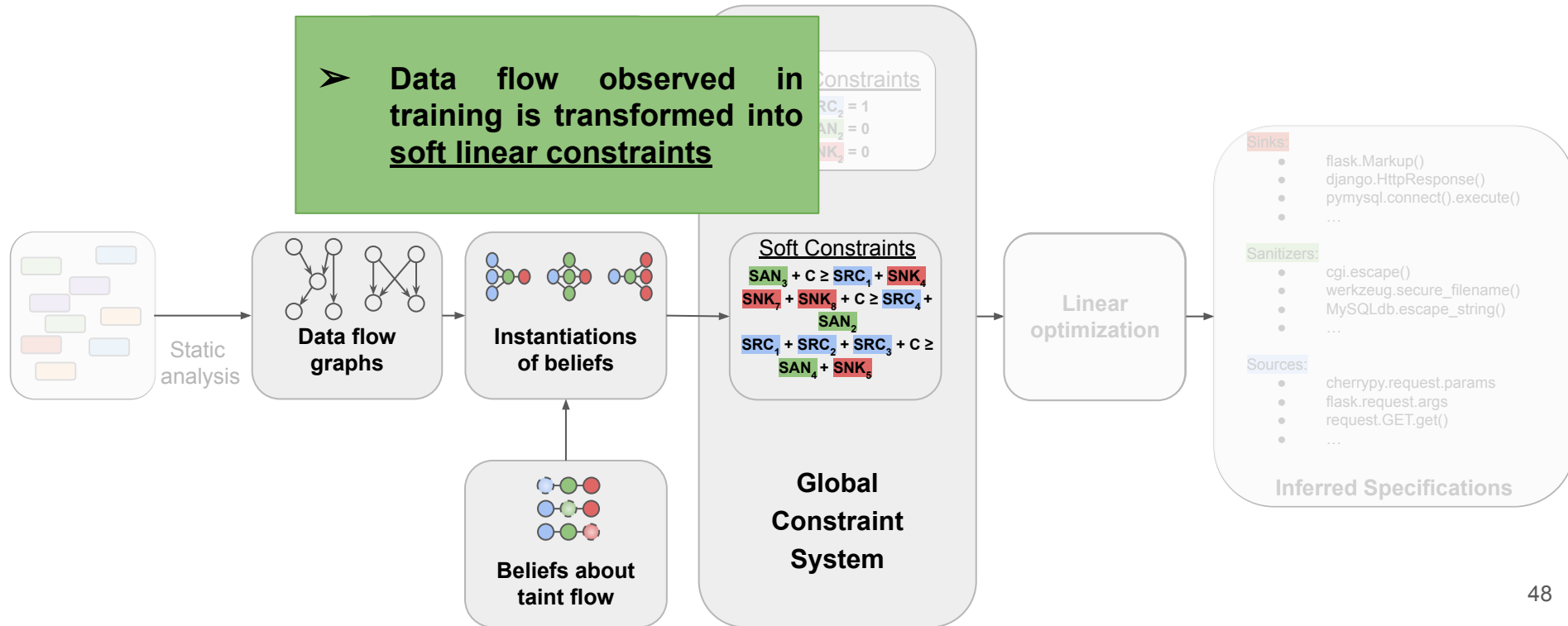
“Vulnerabilities do not occur often”



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Seldon overview

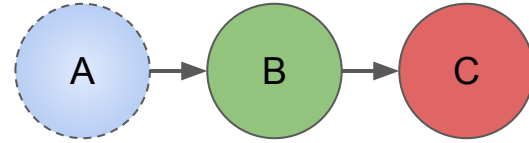


Candidate scores


$$0 \leq \text{SRC}_A, \text{SAN}_A, \text{SNK}_A \leq 1$$

Instantiations of beliefs

“Sanitizers secure sinks from untrusted input”



Instantiations of beliefs

If

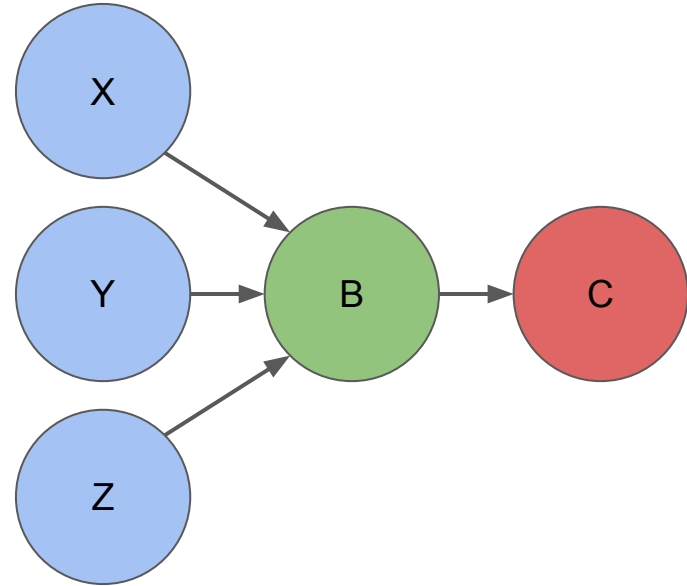
B is a sanitizer

And

C is a sink

Then

At least one of X, Y, Z is a source



Instantiations of beliefs

If

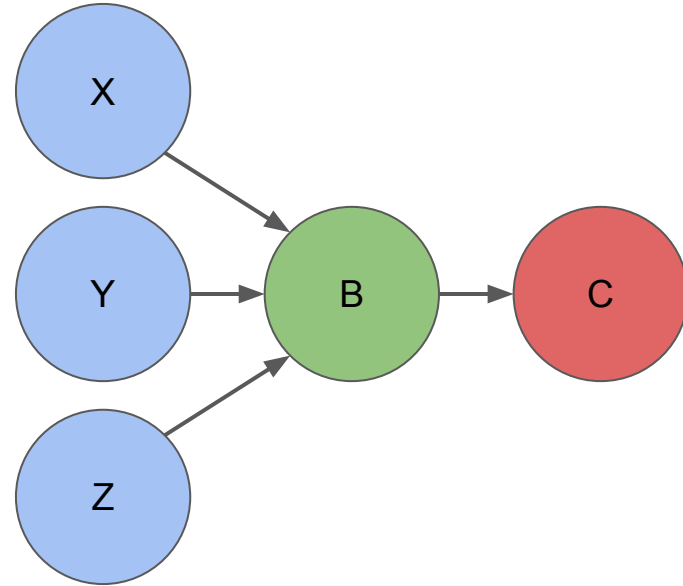
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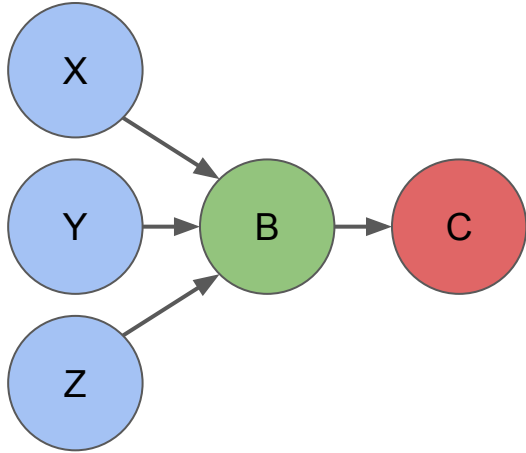
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At least one of X, Y, Z is a source



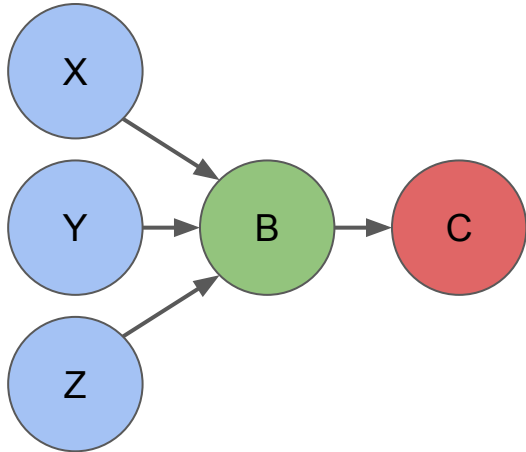
$$\text{SRC}_X + \text{SRC}_Y + \text{SRC}_Z + 1 \geq \text{SAN}_B + \text{SNK}_C$$

Instantiations of beliefs

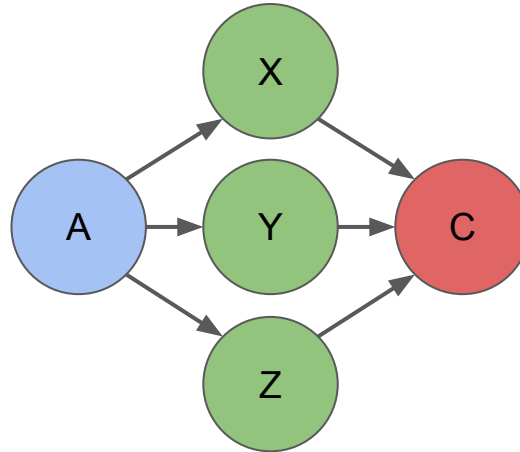


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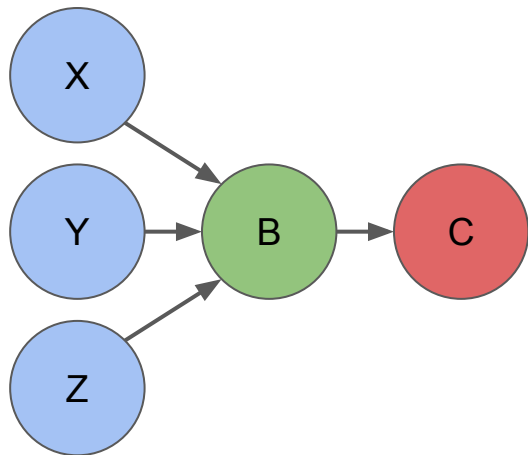


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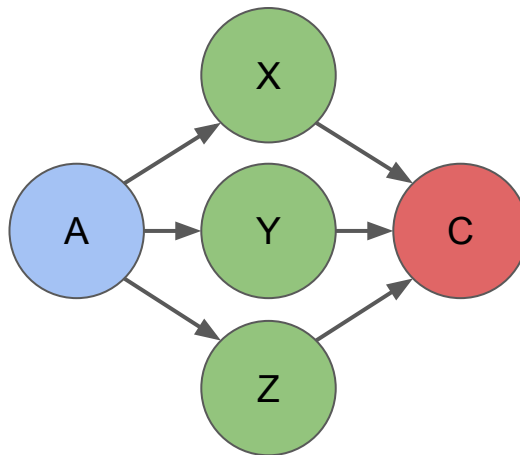


$$\text{SAN}_X + \text{SAN}_Y + \text{SAN}_Z + 1 \geq \text{SRC}_A + \text{SNK}_C$$

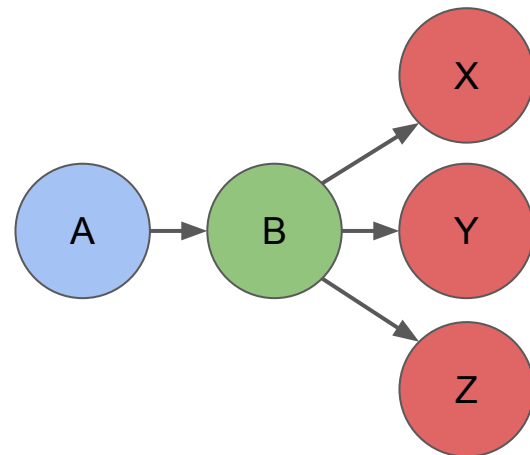
Instantiations of beliefs



$$\text{SRC}_X + \text{SRC}_Y + \text{SRC}_Z + 1 \geq \text{SAN}_B + \text{SNK}_C$$

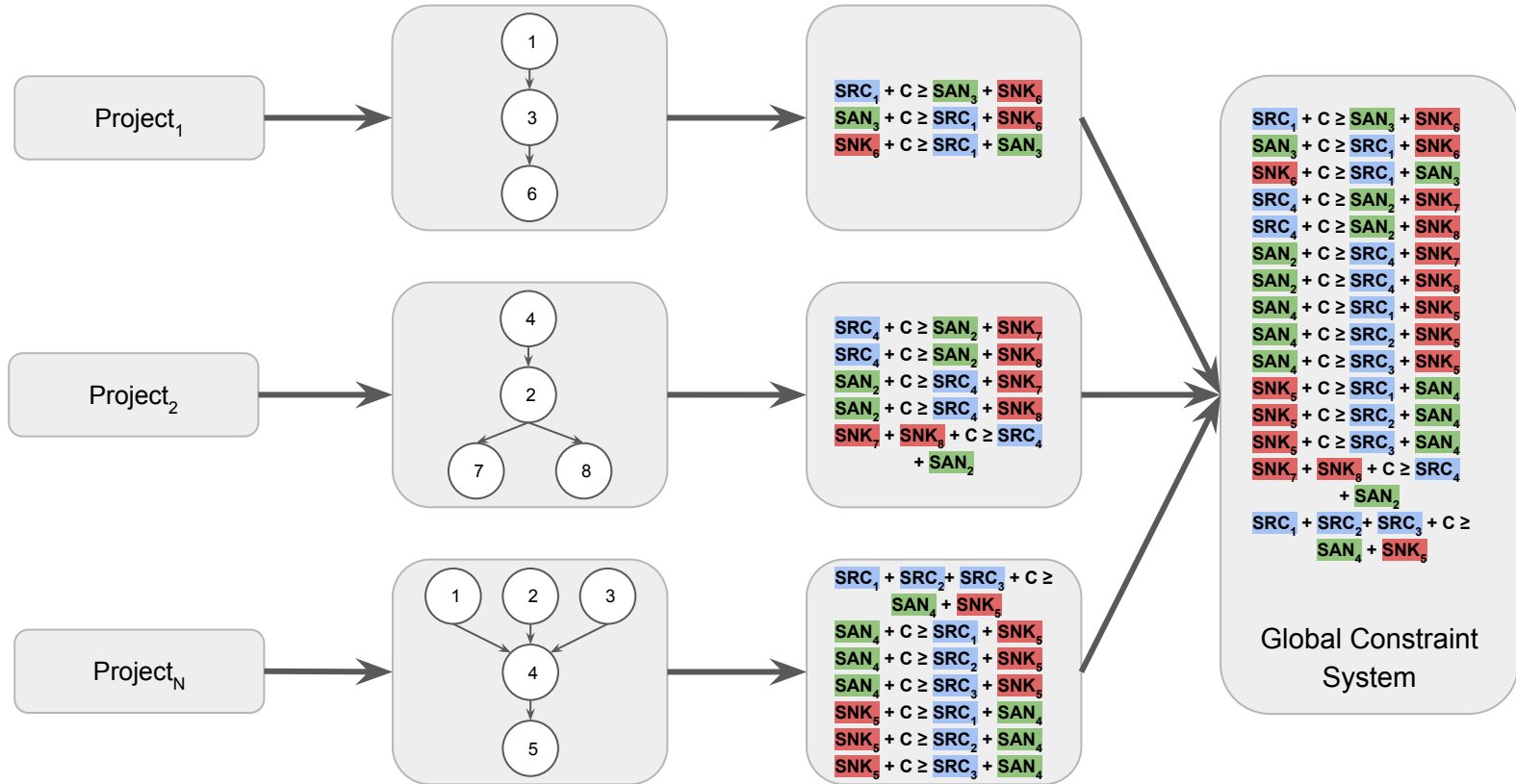


$$\text{SAN}_X + \text{SAN}_Y + \text{SAN}_Z + 1 \geq \text{SRC}_A + \text{SNK}_C$$

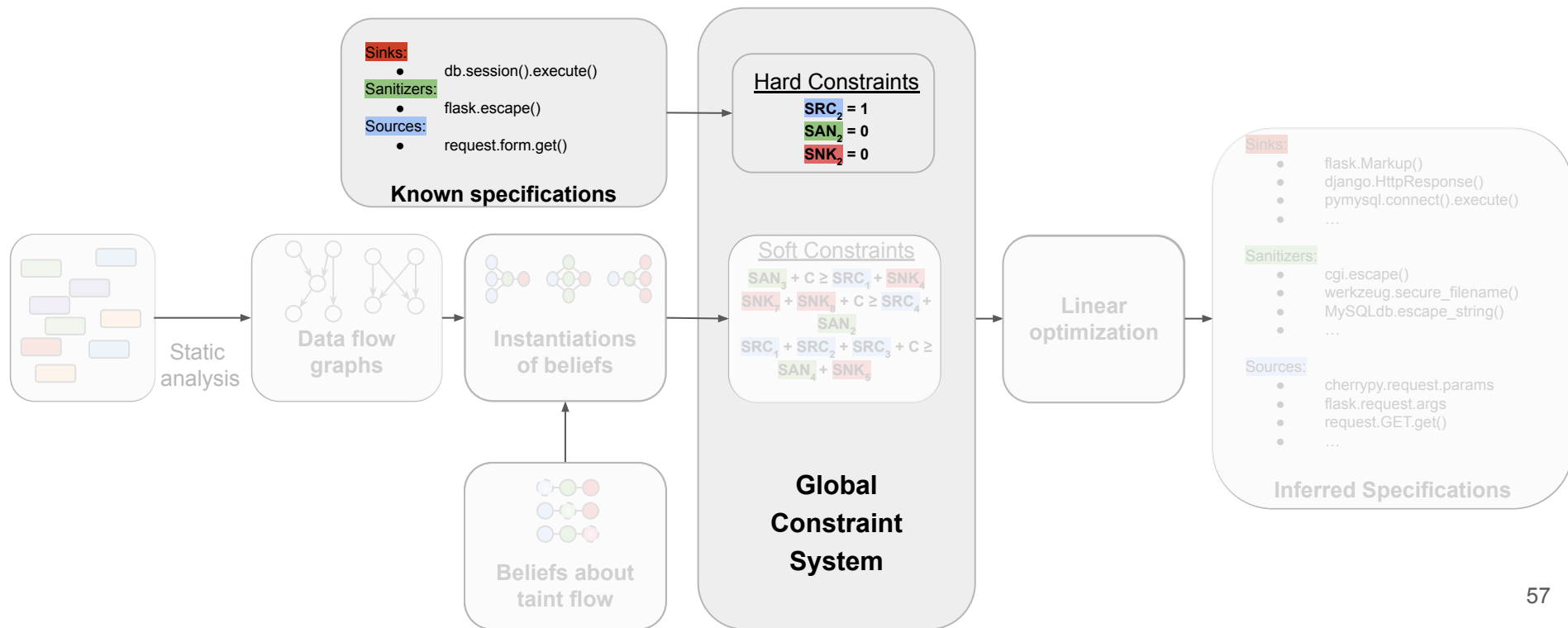


$$\text{SNK}_X + \text{SNK}_Y + \text{SNK}_Z + 1 \geq \text{SRC}_A + \text{SAN}_B$$

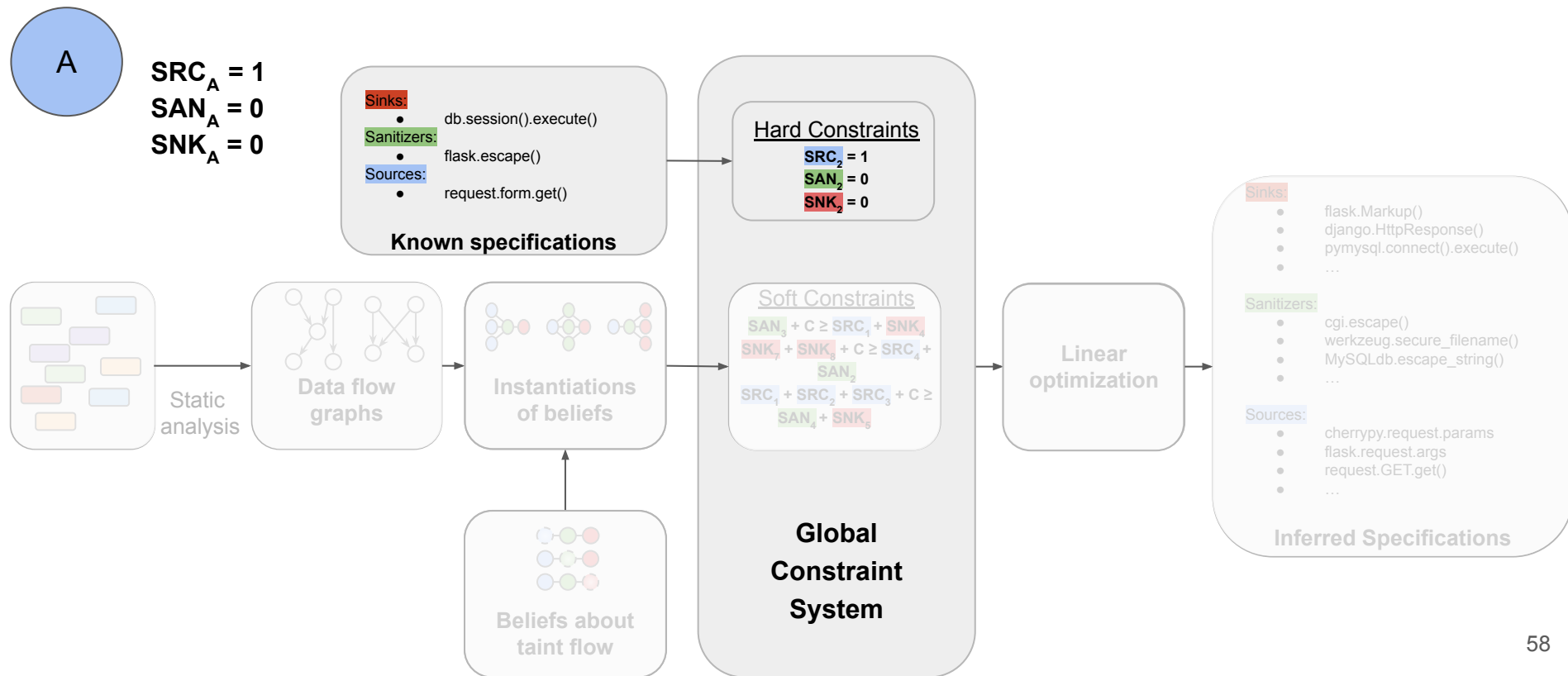
Instantiations of beliefs



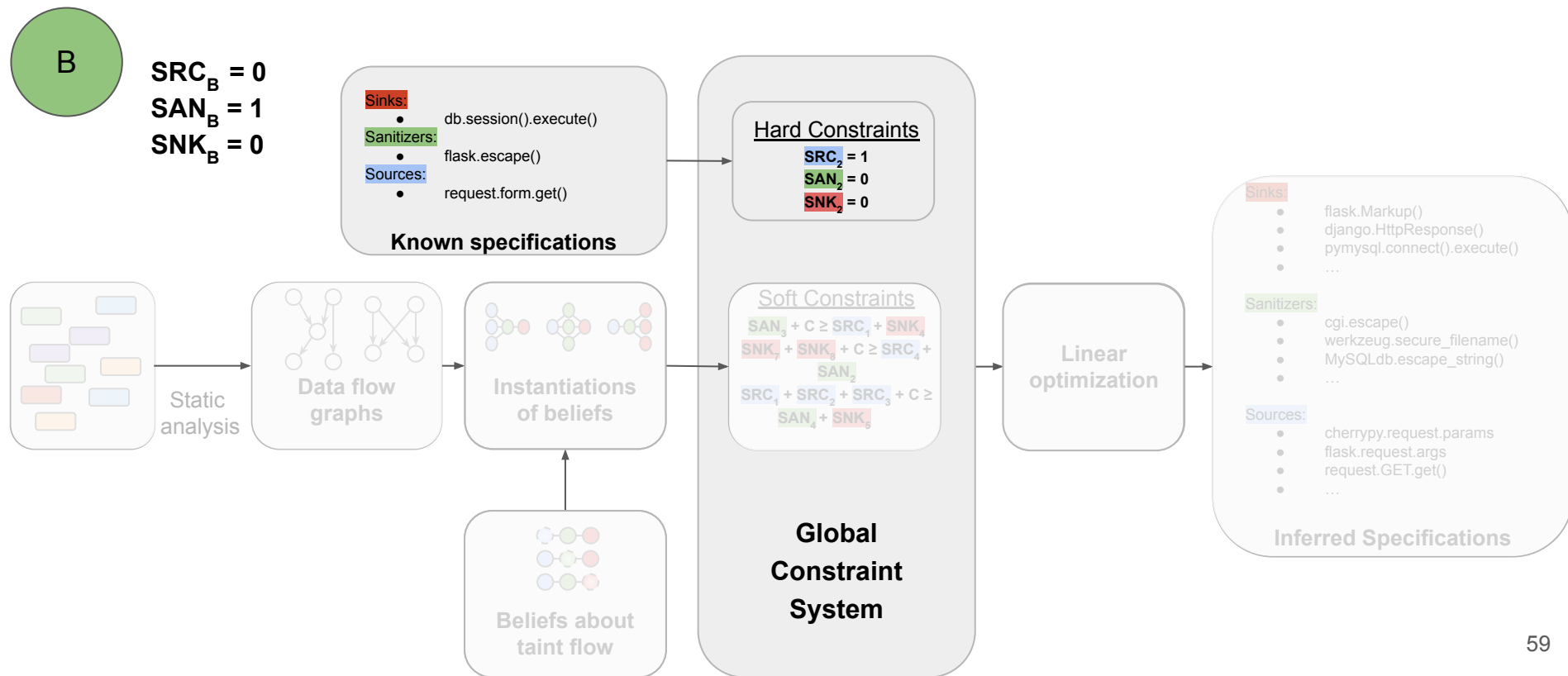
Hard constraints for known specifications



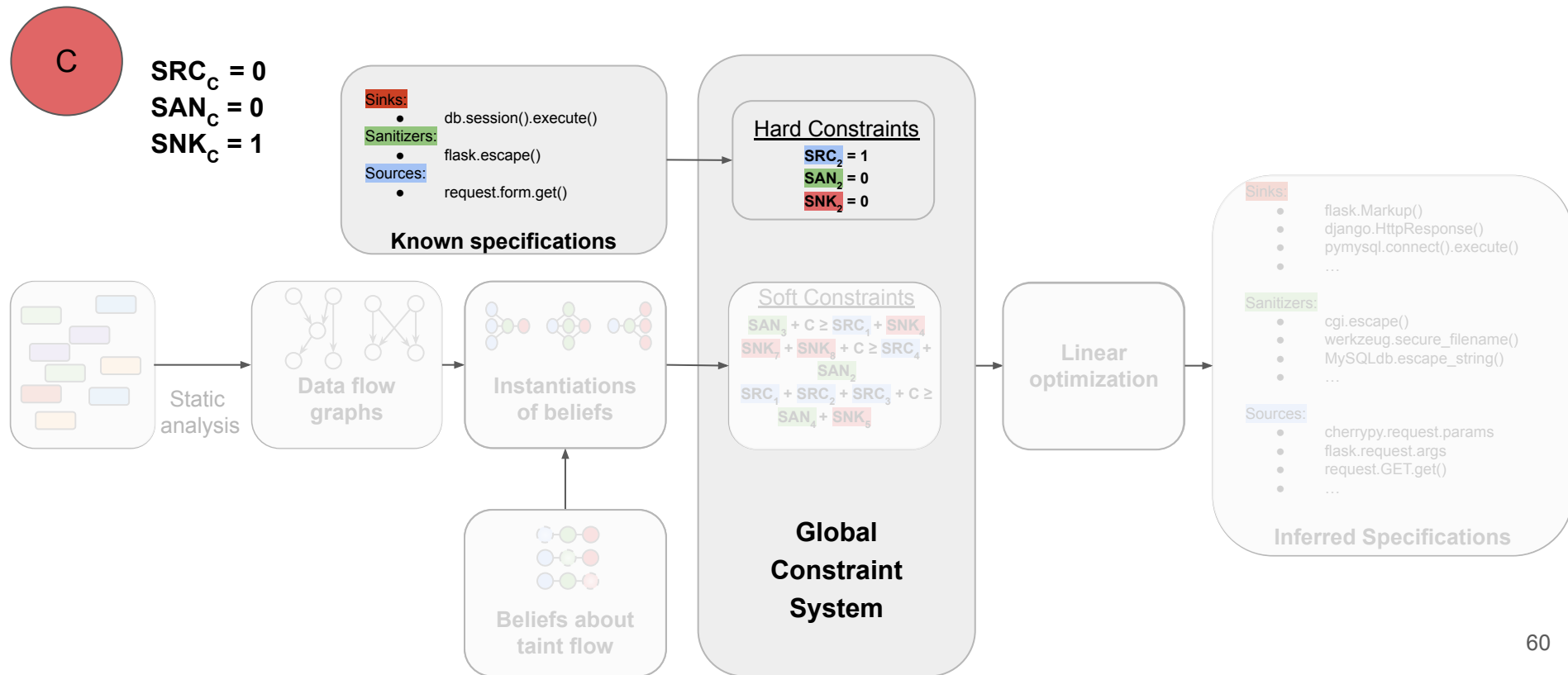
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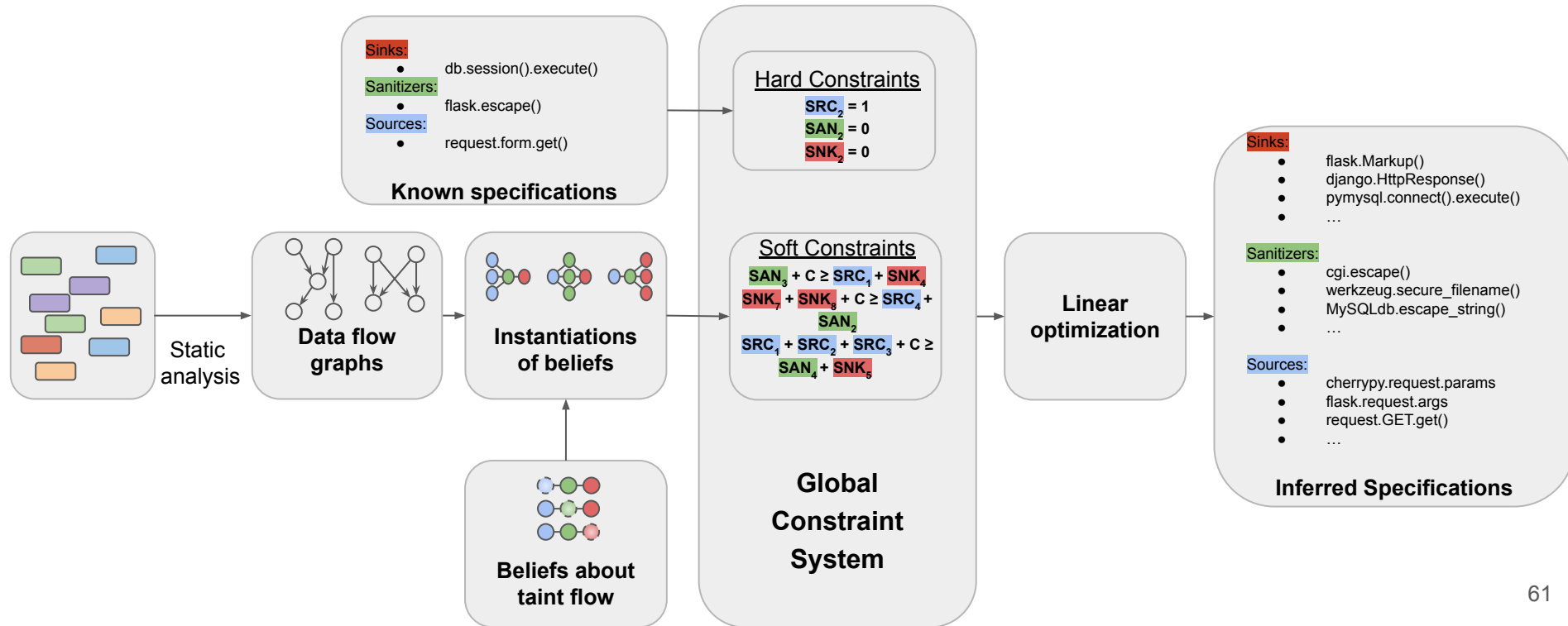
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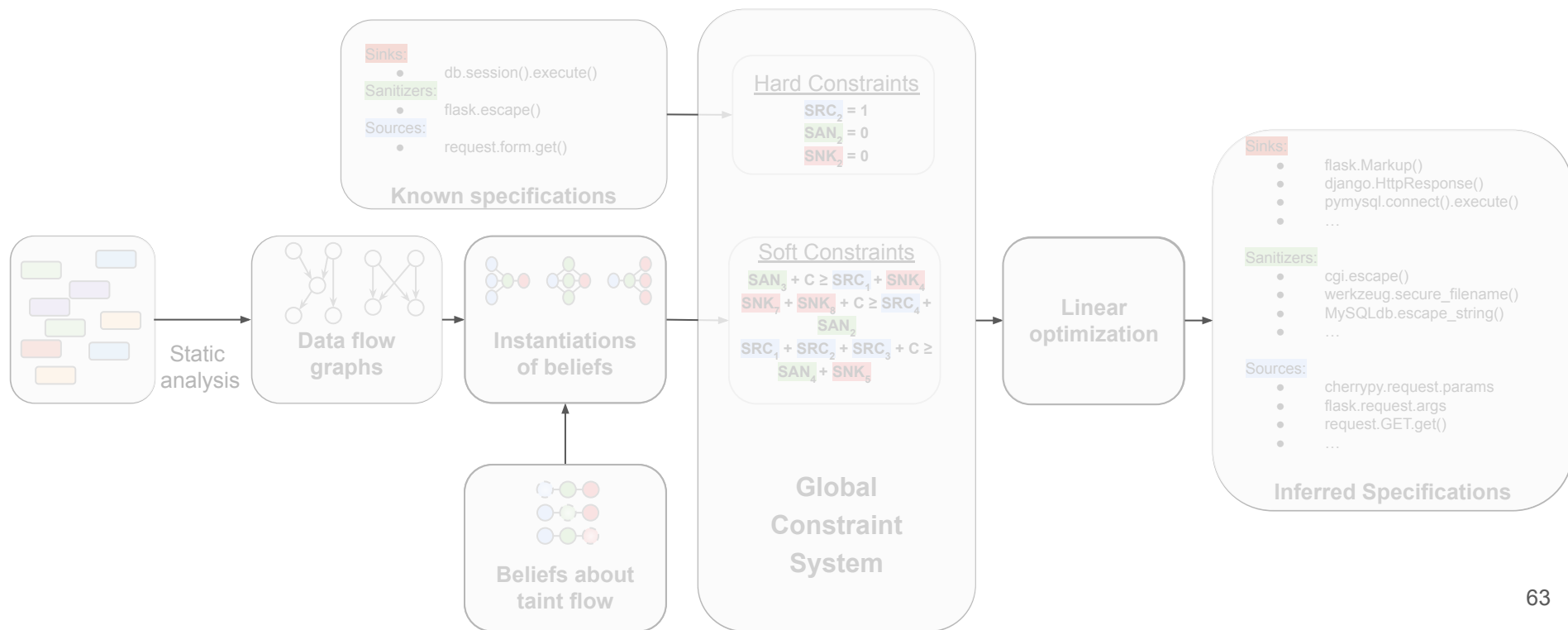
Seldon overview



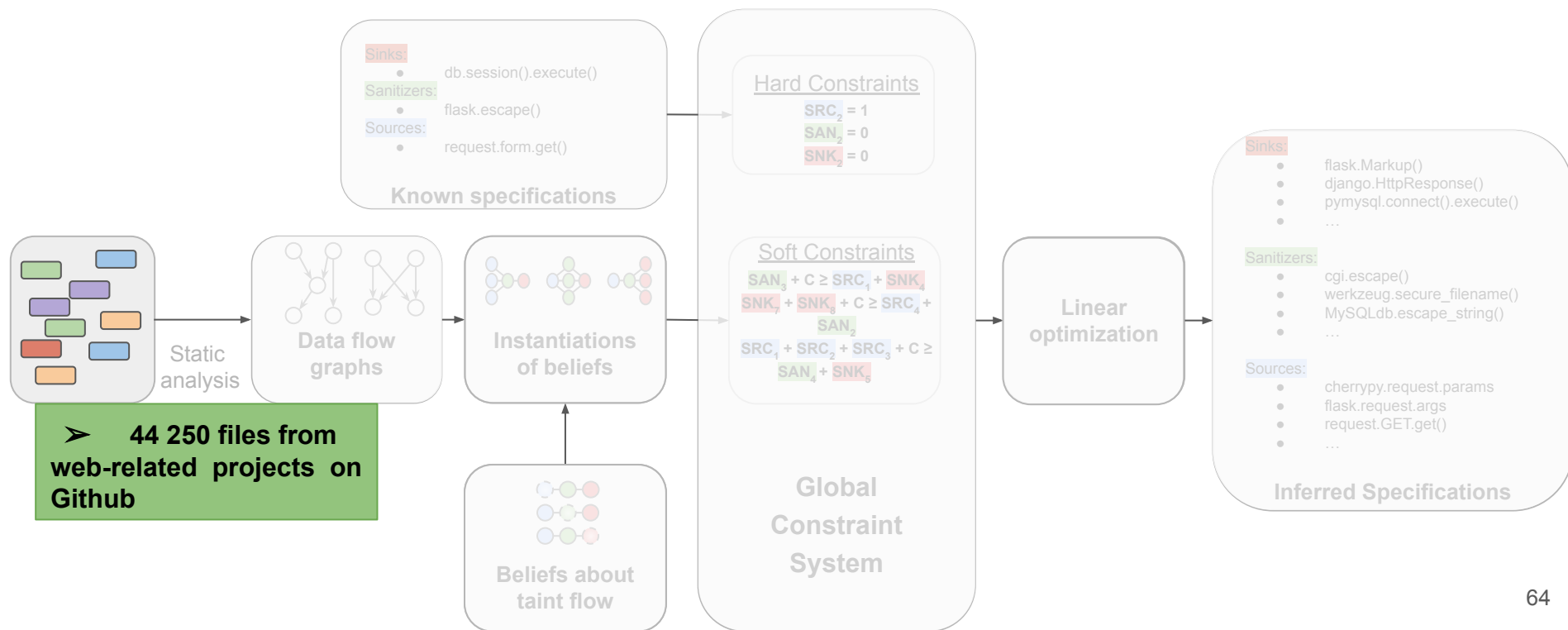
Seldom in production at deepcode.ai



Seldon for Python (this work)



Seldon for Python (this work)



Seldon for Python (this work)

➤ 106 specifications

Sinks:

- `db.session().execute()`

Sanitizers:

- `flask.escape()`

Sources:

- `request.form.get()`

Known specifications

Hard Constraints

$SRC_2 = 1$

$SAN_2 = 0$

$SNK_2 = 0$

Soft Constraints

$SAN_3 + C \geq SRC_1 + SNK_1$

$SNK_1 + SNK_3 + C \geq SRC_4 +$

SAN_2

$SRC_1 + SRC_2 + SRC_3 + C \geq$

$SAN_4 + SNK_5$

**Global
Constraint
System**

**Linear
optimization**

Sinks:

- `flask.Markup()`
- `django.HttpResponse()`
- `pymysql.connect().execute()`
- ...

Sanitizers:

- `cgi.escape()`
- `werkzeug.secure_filename()`
- `MySQLdb.escape_string()`
- ...

Sources:

- `cherrypy.request.params`
- `flask.request.args`
- `request.GET.get()`
- ...

Inferred Specifications

Static
analysis

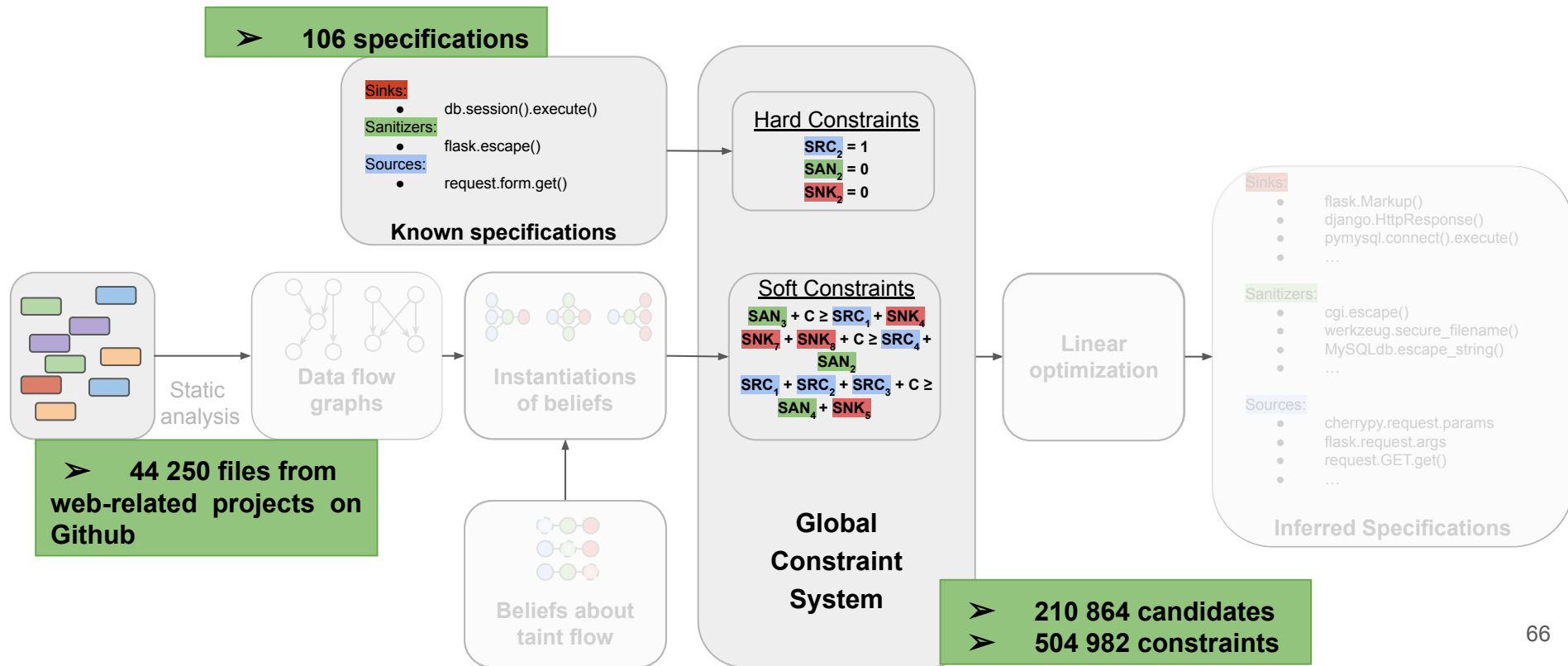
**Data flow
graphs**

**Instantiations
of beliefs**

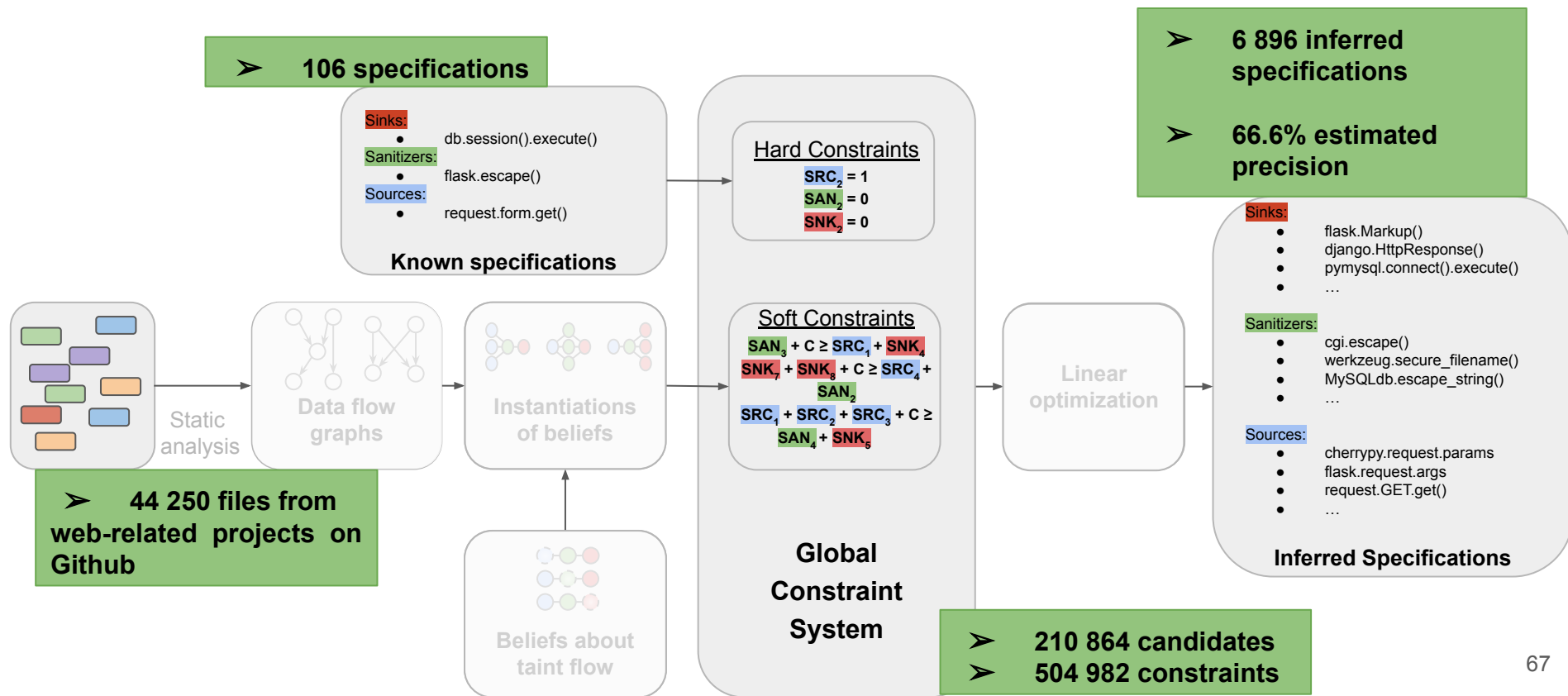
**Beliefs about
taint flow**

➤ 44 250 files from
web-related projects on
Github

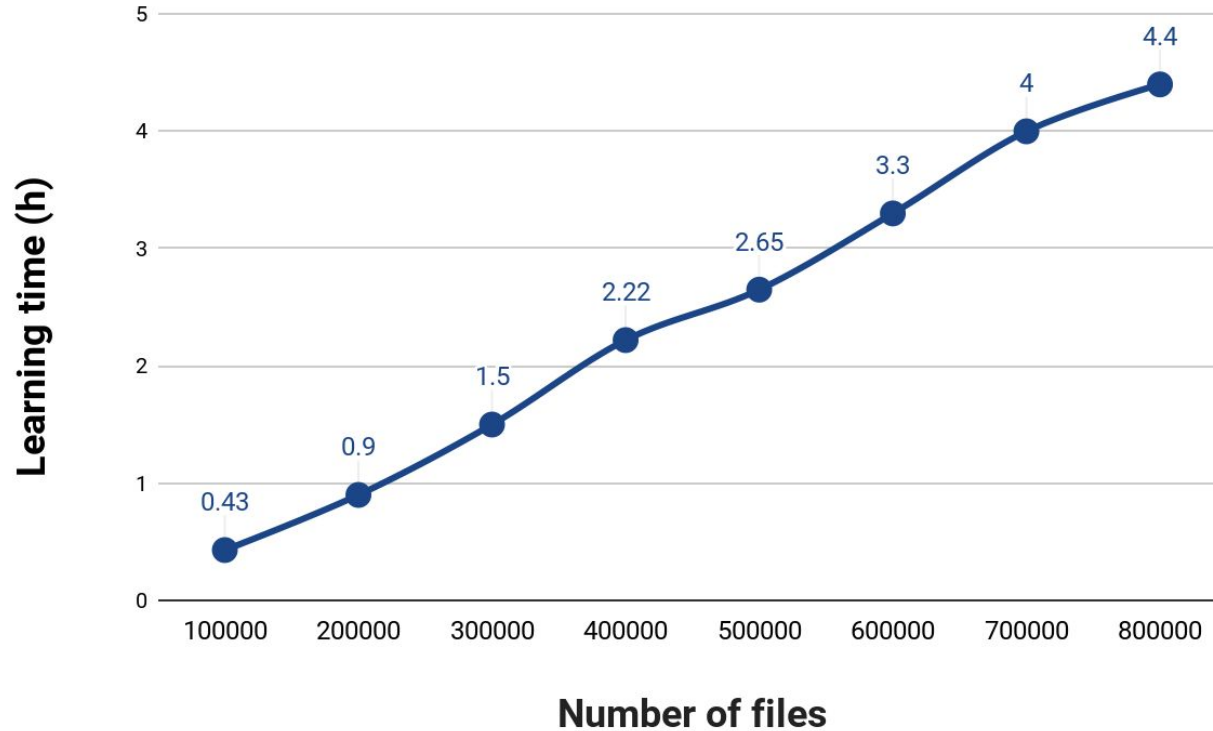
Seldon for Python (this work)



Seldon for Python (this work)



Seldon's scalability



Impact of learning from Big Code

**Evaluated on three randomly chosen projects separately
(Patchwork, find_link, Django FileBrowser)**

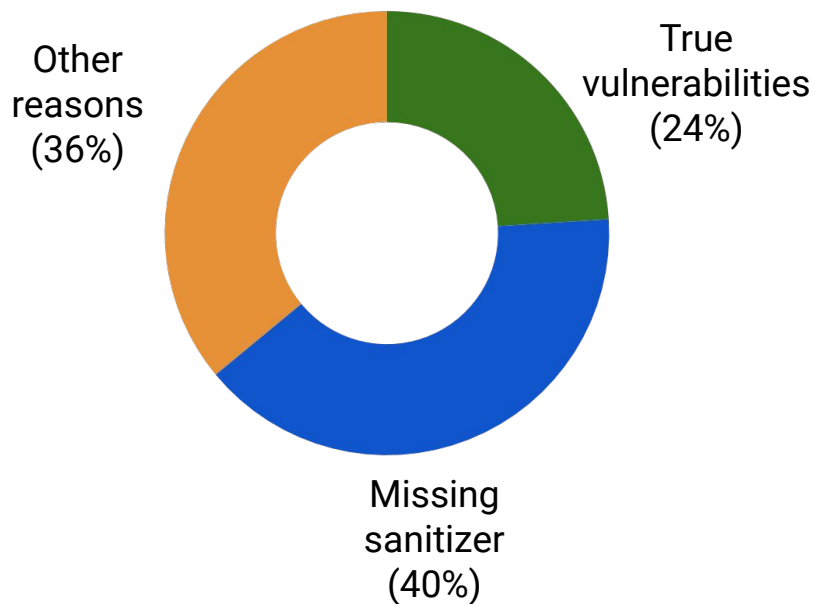
	Total number of true candidates inferred	Precision of inferred candidates
Individual model for <u>each project</u>	5	45.5%
Model trained on <u>Big Code</u>	23	65.7%

Predicted Vulnerabilities with Taint Analysis

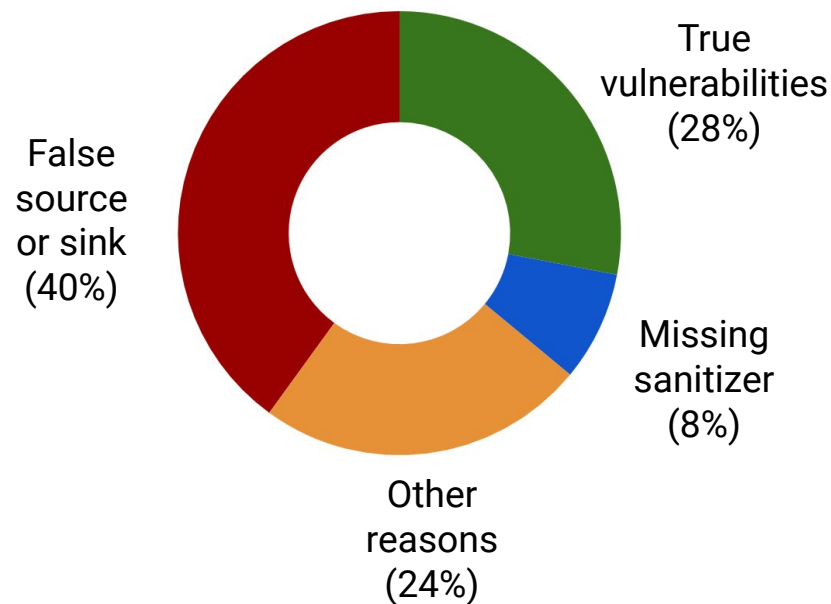
	Predicted vulnerabilities	Estimated true vulnerabilities
Seed Specifications	662	159 (24%)
Inferred Specifications	21318	5969 (28%)

Breakdown of reports

Seed Specifications



Inferred Specifications

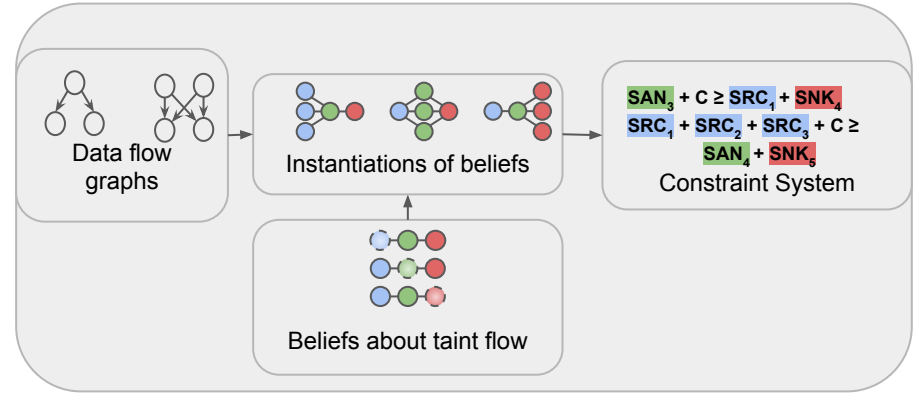
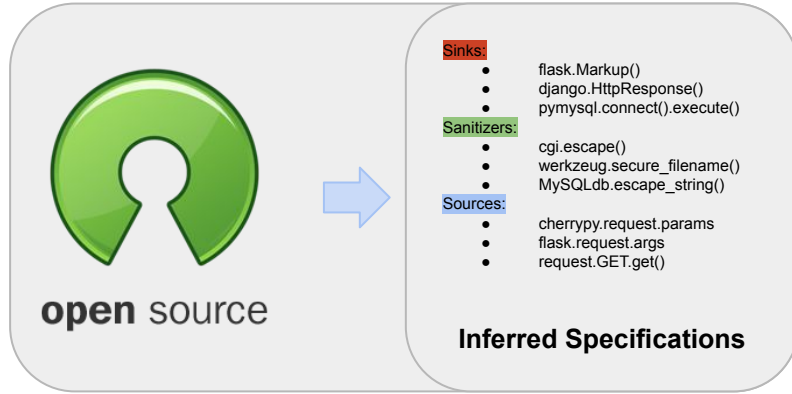


Vulnerabilities in real projects detected using Seldon Specs

1. <https://github.com/anyaudio/anyaudio-server/pull/163>
2. <https://github.com/DataViva/dataviva-site/issues/1661>
3. <https://github.com/DataViva/dataviva-site/issues/1662>
4. <https://github.com/earthgecko/skyline/issues/85>
5. <https://github.com/earthgecko/skyline/issues/86>
6. <https://github.com/gestorpsi/gestorpsi/pull/75>
7. <https://github.com/HarshShah1997/Shopping-Cart/pull/2>
8. <https://github.com/kylewm/silo.pub/issues/57>
9. <https://github.com/kylewm/woodwind/issues/77>
10. <https://github.com/LMFDB/lmfdb/pull/2695>
11. <https://github.com/LMFDB/lmfdb/pull/2696>
12. <https://github.com/mgymrek/pybamview/issues/52>
13. <https://github.com/MinnPost/election-night-api/issues/1>
14. <https://github.com/mitre/multiscanner/issues/159>
15. <https://github.com/MLTSHP/mltshp/pull/509>
16. <https://github.com/mozilla/pontoon/pull/1175>
17. <https://github.com/PadamSethia/shorty/pull/4>
18. <https://github.com/sharadbhat/VideoHub/issues/3>
19. <https://github.com/UDST/urbansim/issues/213>
20. <https://github.com/viaict/viaduct/pull/5>
21. <https://github.com/yashbidasaria/Harry-s-List-Friends/issues/1>

- **17** projects, **49** severe vulnerabilities (Cross-Site Scripting, SQL Injection, Path Traversal, OS Command Injection, Code Injection)
- Only **3** vulnerabilities could be detected using the seed specifications

Summary



Try online at
deepcode.ai

DeepCode Critical Suggestion

Unsanitized user input flows from `form.errors.as_json()` to `django.http.HttpResponseBadRequest(arg 1)`. This may result in a **Cross-site Scripting** vulnerability: by injecting malicious input into an HTTP form, an attacker may execute arbitrary code in client's browser. To fix it, consider sanitizing the input using `django.utils.html.escape()`.

Security

Show in My Code (2 Files)